CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

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SECURITY INFORMATION

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This report contains information on Soviet troops and supply installations in the Volga Military District.

25 YEAR RE-REVIEW

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			Soviet Troops	in the Volga MD		
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Town	Date		Installation	Location	Occupation	Remarks
Saratov (N51-34, E46-02).	1948 to November 1949.		Barracks installation of several brick buildings.	About six km north- west of the main railroad station, in the woods south of the large radio station.	Occupied by a tank unit. Ten to 20 tanks left the installation in April 1949, each towing an AT gun.	Wooden summer houses for generals were under construction west of the radio station.
	1945 to August 1949.		 Barracks instal- lation of several, three-story, red brick buildings and tank garages. 	On the northern perimeter of the city, on top of a wooded slope.	Occupied by a tank unit which was predominantly equipped with T-34 tanks mounting 76.2-mm guns. Tank driving practice was conducted almost daily.	
			2. Barracks instal- lation of several three-story, red brick buildings, each about 100 meters long, and a drill field.	On the northern perimeter of the city, southeast of the barracks installation of a tank unit.	Soldiers wearing ruby colored epaulets without any branch-of-service insignia were seen at the installation. Troops were trained with mortars and 76.2-mm AT guns in the billeting area.	
			3. Barracks instal- lation of two three- story yellow brick buildings, surrounded by a board fence.	On the northern perimeter of the city, near the tank repair plant.	Troops were trained with heavy mortars in the bar-racks yard.	
			l. Barracks instal- lation of three old buildings, several sheds, and a yard, surrounded partly	On the north- northwestern peri- meter of the city, on the southwest side of the road	The installation was re- ferred to by local residents as the Artillery Barracks. It was occupied by an artillery unit whose personnel	
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A former school build-

ing and PW hospital.

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by a barbed-wire fence, and partly by a damaged board fence.

to Atkarsk (N51-50, E45-00).

wore crossed-gun-barrel in-signia. Artillery pieces and heavy mortars were seen in the sheds.

5. Barracks instal-lation of two three-story, yellow brick, buildings surrounded by a wire fence.

On the northwestern perimeter of the city, east of the intersection of the road and railroad line to Atkarsk.

Probably housed an officers' school, since numerous officers (mostly field officers) entered and left the installation.

6. Large five-story, white barracks building.

On a slope on the northwestern perimeter of the town, west of the main railroad station.

In July 1949, it was occupied by 300 to 400 young men wearing civi-lian clothes. They were trained without arms.

7. Barracks installation of two brick buildings.

In the center of the city, several hundred meters east of the main railroad station.

Officer candidate school.

8. Barracks installation of two. large old red brick build-

Groups of well-disciplined soldiers carrying map-pouches

were frequently seen marching out of the installation.

ings in a yard.

In the southern sector of the city, about one km south-east of the freight station.

Occupied by a tank unit whose personnel wore tank insignia on their epaulets. Numerous trucks, but no tanks, were parked in the barracks yard.

9. Barracks installation of three, fourstory, white brick buildings, and one apartment house.

In the southeastern sector of the city.

Occupied by an MVD office. Numerous MVD officers and EM were observed. They wore red-bordered epaulets with the number 418-K.1

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10. Military billets of one three-story, white brick building.

East of the railroad station. Occupied by a military school. Police students 18 to 20 years of age wearing blue uniforms with silver braid were repeatedly seen.

ll. Military post drill field.

On a slope on the northwestern perimeter of the city.

On the drill field were trenches with field fortifications. Units and groups of officers were engaged in training at all times.

12. Barracks installation of five or six large white brick buildings with flat roofs. West of the Yel-shanka (N50-10, E45-24) Railroad Station, about ten km northwest of Saratov. Occupied by units which, in 1948 and 1949, conducted field practices near the installation. They were equipped with T-34 tanks mounting long-barreled guns and heavy mortars.

1947 to
July 1948.

Barrack
of a la
buildin

Barracks installation of a large two-story building, a wooden ration supply shed, a clothing shed, a dispensary, a guard house, a small arms firing range, and two airstrips.

In the southern sector of the city, about one km southeast of the freight station

Occupied by Inf Unit No 418, numbering 500 to 600 troops who wore red epaulets with the number 418. The unit was equipped with rifles, submachine guns and six or seven heavy Maxim machine guns. Some of the officers were mounted. Lieutenant Colonel Zaponik (fnu) was the supply officer.

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-5-Prior to October Barracks installation Near the village Occupied by a tank unit of Rasboyshchina, 12 km northwest of five two-story of 500 to 800 troops. 1948. of 500 to 800 troops. Soldiers were repeatedly seen training with about 20 T-34 tanks. Not less than 500 canvas-covered brick buildings, each about 80x20 meters. of the city. armored vehicles were parked at a nearby lot for two consecutive years. Kologri-Summer of Troop training grounds. The troop training ground was occupied by units of A ravined plateau vovka (N51-կև, 1949. in the Atkarsk-Kologrivovkavarious branches of E45-15). Idolga (N51-42, E45-35) area. service the year round. Artillery troops were predominant. Several kolkhozy, operated by troops, were located at the troop training ground. A barracks installation of several large white buildings was located five to seven km west of Idolga. Seliksa Prior to Until the fall of 1948, the artillery range was used for agriculture, but was allegedly to be used as an artillery range 1. Old artillery Northeast of (N53-12, E45-18). November range. Seliksa. 1948. again. Several hundred meters north of the

2. Military billets in a former PW camp, consisting of seven low wooden barracks.

Seliksa railroad station.

the camp was to be occupied by Soviet

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Yard I.

Syzran (N53-11, E48-27)

December 1949.

. 1947 until October 1948.

Barracks installation of a brick building about 100 meters long, and five or six large sheds; surrounded by a wire fence.

Barracks instal-

lation of two old

multi-story brick

The installation was surrounded by a wire fence with watchtowers.

In the eastern buildings, each about 100 meters long, and jail. several small garages.

sector of the town, about 300 meters south of the MVD

In the northeastern

sector of the town, north of Freight

tank insignia and several tanks and trucks were frequently observed leaving the installation. The troops were well disciplined.

Occupied by a tank unit. 200 to 250 troops wearing

Occupied by a tank officer candidates were frequently seen at the installation.

observed a camp occupied by a tank
unit at the eastern exit of the town, in an angle formed by the road and the Syzran-Kuybyshev railroad line. Tanks were not observed.

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2. Barracks installation of six multistory brick buildings, surrounded by two rows of barbed wire.

On the northern perimeter of the town, north of the main railroad station.

The eastern barracks section quartered a tank unit, whose personnel wore black epaulets with tank insignia. While only a few tanks were seen in the billeting area, most of the tanks were obviously sheltered at the drill field northeast of the town. The western barracks section was occu-pied by air force soldiers wearing blue epaulets.

observed several hundred tanks in an area surrounded by a board fence with watchtowers. The tanks were partly covered with canvas.

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Area of Kazan (N55-45, E49-08).

Fall of 1947.

Troop training ground with numerous low wooden barracks buildings and some brick buildings. A narrow-gauge track ran from there to the Kazan-Yoshkar-Ola (N56-37, E47-55) railroad line.

In a wooded area about 50 km northwest of Kazan.

Gun and rifle fire was heard from the troop training ground throughout the summer. The barracks installation there looked like a large town in the woods.

about 40,000 troops had been trained at the troop training grounds the year round during World War II. in addition to engineer and air force units, the 258th Inf Regt was stationed in Kazan in mid-1948.2

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Soviet Supply Installations in the Volga MD

Location

Town Date Seliksa August to November 1949.

Tank spare parts depot of four wooden warehouses, each about 25x10x5 meters, numerous wooden sheds, and earth bunkers. The installation had a railroad spur with a loading ramp about 150 meters long; surrounded by a wire fence.

Installation

In a wooded area between the Penza (N53-10, E44-51) road and the railroad, about one km east of the Seliksa railroad station. The station is located six to eight km westsouthwest of the town of Seliksa.

The depot was headed by a colonel and was occupied by a guard unit of 150 to 200 troops wearing black epaulets with tank insignia. From August to November 1949, a train load of 40 to 50 axles arrived at the ramp almost every other day. Motors, caterpillar tracks, and various

Data on installation

targe boxes were observed to be unloaded. After November 1949, shipments arrived at longer intervals. A fuel depot, whose tanks could not be seen, was located close to the depot. Among others, motor vehicles of the air force units from the airfield (N53-16, E45-17) north-east of the railroad

station were refilled

there.

Remarks

spare parts depot had formerly been located in Gorki**y.**

large boxes at the Seliksa railroad station in August 1948.

contained tank spare. parts, bogie and drive wheels, tracks, and motors. The boxes were unpacked in a former FW camp. 25X1

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Syzran

1947 to October 1948.

1. Large supply depot of several rows of low wooden warehouses with large open-air storage sites between them. The depot was fenced in by a palisade lined with barbed wire, along which arc lamps and watchtowers had been erected.

In the eastern sector of the city, just west of the barracks installation referred to as tank officer school.

There were large piles of motor vehicle tires of worious sizes, each pile being 30 to 10 meters high. There were also large stores of fuel drums which, judging from the way they were handled, seemed to be filled. Large boxes, about 100x50x30 cm in size, were once observed to be unloaded at the warehouses. Guard duty was performed by soldiers wearing dark blue uniforms.

- 2. Ammunition depot which covered an area about 400 meters square. It consisted of numerous low wooden buildings surrounded by a double wire fence with watchtowers.
- Just north of the freight yard, located in the northwestern sector of the city.

North of the main

railroad station,

near a large barracks installation. Ammunition boxes were frequently observed being unloaded in front of the wooden warehouses.

3. Engineer equipment depot which covered an area about 500 meters square. It had wooden sheds scattered all over the area and large open-air storage sites; surrounded by a wire fence with watchtowers.

Pontoons, assault boats, pneumatic rafts, cranes, and timber were stored in the open.

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Kazan (N55-45, E49-08) area.

May 1950.

1. Fuel depot with a railroad spur.

Northeast of the Derbyskiy railroad station, on the Kazan-Sverdlovsk railroad line.

Numerous railroad tank cars were standing on the spur track which led into a wooded area. Large fuel containers were scattered over the sparsely wooded area about 300 meters from the main railroad line.

2. Ammunition dump with railroad spur.

20 to 25 km northeast of Kazan, on the northern side of the Kazan-Sverdlovsk railroad line. Numerous large stores of various types of ammunition were seen over a wide area, several hundred meters north of the railroad trunk line. Several bunkerlike constructions with concrete tops were also seen there.

Fall of 1946.

Ordnance depot, about 300x1000 meters in size. It consisted of six large wooden warehouses, each about 50 meters long, and one three-story brick building.

In the woods northeast of the Derbyskiy railroad station on the railroad line to Sverdlovsk. New passenger cars, trucks, artillery pieces, and searchlights were seen in the depot area. Guard personnel wore blue-bordered red epaulets with the number K-251.

Comments:

2. The 258th Regt referred to here is an NVD regiment

in Kazan

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